CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. An isolated polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of:

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a polynucleotide having a sequence comprising the nucleotide sequence SEQ ID

NO: 1, and functional fragments thereof;

(c) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide having a sequence that is at least 75% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 2, and functional fragments thereof; and

- (d) a polynucleotide capable of hybridizing under stringent conditions to a polynucleotide having a sequence comprising the nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 1, and functional fragments thereof.
- 2. The polynucleotide of claim 1, linked to a second nucleotide sequence encoding a fusion polypeptide.
- 3. The nucleotide of claim 2 wherein the fusion polypeptide is a heterologous signal peptide.

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The nucleotide of claim 2 wherein the polynucleotide encodes a functional fragment of the polypeptide having the SEQ ID NO: 2.

- 5. An isolated polypeptide having a sequence that is at least 75% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 2, and functional fragments thereof.
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The polypeptide of claim 5, wherein said polypeptide has the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2 or functional fragments thereof.

7. A polypeptide comprising the polypeptide of claim 5 linked to a fusion polypeptide.

8. The polypeptide of claim 7, wherein the fusion polypeptide is a signal peptide.

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- The polypeptide of claim 7, wherein the fusion polypeptide comprises a heterologous polypeptide having adjuvant activity.
- 10. An expression cassette, comprising the polynucleotide of claim 1 operably linked to a promoter.

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- 11. An expression vector, comprising the expression cassette of claim 10.
- 12. A host cell, comprising the expression cassette of claim 10.

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The host cell of claim 10, wherein said host cell is a prokaryotic cell.

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The host cell of claim 13, wherein said host cell is a cukaryotic cell.

15. A method for producing a recombinant polypeptide having SEQ ID NO: 2, comprising:



- (a) culturing a host cell of claim 12, under conditions that the allow the expression of the polypeptide; and
- (b) recovering the recombinant polypeptide.

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A vaccine vector, comprising the expression cassette of claim 10.

17. The vaccine vector of claim 16, wherein sail thest mammal is human.

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The vaccine vector of claim 16, in a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

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A pharmaceutical composition, comprising a immunologically effective amount of the vaccine vector of claim 14.

21. A pharmaceutical composition, comprising an immunologically effective amount of the polypeptide of claim 5 and pharmaceutically acceptable diluent.

22. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 2/1, further comprising an adjuvant.

23. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 21, further comprising one or more known Chlamydia antigens.

24. A method for inducing an immune response in a mammal, comprising:

administering to said mammal an immunologically effective amount of the

pharmaceutical composition of claim 21, wherein said administration induces an

immune response.

A polynucleotide probe reagent capable of detecting the presence of *Chlamydia* in biological material, comprising a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the polynucleotide of claim 1 under stringent conditions.

The polynucleotide probe reagent of claim 25, wherein said reagent is a DNA primer.

27. A hybridization method for detecting the presence of *Chlamydia* in a sample, comprising the steps of:

(a) obtaining polynucleotide from the sample;

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(b) hybridizing said obtained polynucleotide with a polynucleotide probe reagent of claim 21 under conditions which allow for the hybridization of said probe and said sample; and

(c) detecting said hybridization of said detecting reagent with a polynucleotide in said sample.

- An amplification method for detecting the presence of Chlamydia in a sample, comprising 28. the steps of:
 - (a) obtaining polynucleotide from the sample;
 - (c) amplifying said obtained polynucleotide using one or more polynucleotide probe reagents of claim 25; and
 - (d) detecting said amplified polypeptide.
- A method for detecting the presence of *Chlamydia* in a sample comprising the steps of: 29.
 - -(-a-) contacting-said-sample-with-a-detecting-reagent-that-binds to-the-polypeptide having SEQ ID NO: 2 to form a/complex; and
 - (b) detecting said formed complex.
- 30. The method of claim 29, wherein said detecting reagent is an antibody.
- 31. The method of claim 30, wherein said antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
- 32. The method of claim 30, wherein said antibody is a polyclonal antibody.
- 33. An affinity chromatography method for substantially purifying a polypeptide having SEQ ID NO: 2, comprising the steps of:
 - contacting a sample containing said polypeptide with a detecting reagent that binds (a) to said/polypeptide to form a complex;
 - (c) isolating said formed complex;
 - dissociating said formed complex; and (c)
 - (d) isolating the dissociated polypeptide.
- 34. The method of claim 33, wherein said detecting reagent is an antibody.
- The method of claim 34, wherein said antibody is a monoclonal antibody.



- 36. The method of claim 34, wherein said antibody is a polyclonal antibody.
- 37. An antibody that immunospecifically binds a polypeptide of claim 5, or a fragment or derivative of said antibody containing the binding domain thereof.

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